BUILDING-STRUCTURE INVENTORY FORM

DIVISION FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION NEW YORK STATE PARKS AND RECREATION ALBANY, NEW YORK (518) 474-0479

FOR OFFICE	USE	ON	LY				
UNIQUE SITI	e no	<u> 100</u>	3-1	25-	00	60	-
QUAD				1	<u> </u>		
SERIES						:	
NEG. NO							_

007 Quad IV No. 13

YOUR NAME:_

Town of Islip

Alteration to porch.

DATE: August 15, 1975

YOUR ADDRESS: 655 Main Street

Town Hall

TELEPHONE: (516) 581-2000

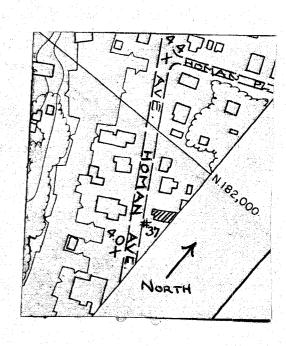
ORGANIZATION (if any): Department of Planning, Housing, & Development

Everett Smith House in 1915 1. BUILDING NAME(S): TOWN/CITY Islip Bay Shore 2. COUNTY: Suffolk VILLAGE: 3. STREET LOCATION: #37 Homan Ave. (east side. south of Homan Place) a. public \square b. private 4. OWNERSHIP: 5. PRESENT OWNER: ADDRESS: 6. USE: Original: Residence Present: Residence No 🗆 7. ACCESSIBILITY TO PUBLIC: Exterior visible from public road: Yes Interior accessible: Explain By appointment only DESCRIPTION a. clapboard b. stone c. brick \square d. board and batten 8. BUILDING e. cobblestone f. shingles \(\overline{\mathbb{X}} \) g. stucco \(\overline{\mathbb{D}} \) other: MATERIAL: a. wood frame with interlocking joints 9. STRUCTURAL SYSTEM: b. wood frame with light members X c. masonry load bearing walls (if known) d. metal (explain) ___ e. other a. excellent \square b. good \square c. fair 🖾 d. deteriorated 10. CONDITION: 11. INTEGRITY: a. original site \square b. moved \square if so, when? c. list major alterations and dates (if known):

12. **PHOTO**:

13. MAP:





Bay Shore Roll #Q4; Neg. #20 West & South (front) sides.

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	15.	RELATED OUTBUILDINGS AND PROPERTY:
		a. barn □ b. carriage house □ c. garage □ d. privy □ e. shed □ f. greenhouse □
		g. shop h. gardens
		i. landscape features:
		j. other:
	16.	SURROUNDINGS OF THE BUILDING (check more than one if necessary): a. open land b. woodland
		c. scattered buildings
		d. densely built-up e. commercial
		f. industrial g. residential sh. other:
	17.	INTERRELATIONSHIP OF BUILDING AND SURROUNDINGS:
		(Indicate if building or structure is in an historic district)
		is house is in a residential area which runs south from Main Street the Great South Bay. There are numerous houses of architectural
	sig	gnificance in the area, ranging from large Victorian houses to
	bas	men's cottages. Homan Avenue is a short street with smaller
	hou 18	ases and cottages predominating. OTHER NOTABLE FEATURES OF BUILDING AND SITE (including interior features if known):
		is is a small two story house with touches of Victorian detail.
		ere are gables with vergeboards on both the north and south
	sid	les of the house. Extended rafters are exposed at the porch eaves
-63	on	the south side. The windows are two over two.
		VIFICANCE
		DATE OF INITIAL CONSTRUCTION: unknown
		ARCHITECT: unknown
		BUILDER: unknown
		BUILDER: CHIRITOWII
	20.	HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL IMPORTANCE:
		s structure is an example of a bayman's cottage with Victorian
	det	cail. The shingled house has a gable roof and a gabled wing running
	POI	pendicular to it. Original vergeboards, extended rafters, saw-tooth trim, and two over two windows are
	ret	ained. There is a porch on the south side of the house.
	Ве	cause the house was located on a creek, the bayman's boat could be kept nearby.
		공항 공연 교육에 가장한 사람들이 하는 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.
		. 발한 교육학 경영화 : 이 사람 등 시간에 되고 유학하는 사람들이 하는 하는 하는 것이 되었다. 그런 사람들이 사람들이 되었다. 함께 되는 것이다. 한 사람들이 하는 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 하는 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 되었다.
ď,	21	SOURCES:
		erview with Jerome Gleason, Penataquit Press, Bay Shore, New York.
		gust, 1975.
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Research by the Society for the Preservation of Long Island Antiquities. (Judith Saltzman)

tion. These ice houses stored enough ice for use here during the summer season. Many baymen were employed in this work during the winter months, as they could not follow their usual occupation when the bay froze over.---

"The water from the mill ran under a bridge on Main Street into Penataquit Creek. Along the creek ran Canal Street, now known as Homan Avenue. Years before it was known as Ell Lane. It was a common sight to see horses driven down to either side of the bridge not only to water the horses but also to let the wooden wheels with their iron tires go through the water to prevent drying out in hot weather."

Mr. Weeks also states that Clarence Race opened a drug store on the corner of First Avenue and Main Street in the eighteen nineties. Tredwell O. Smith had a general store, and was also responsible for developing property on Telegraph Road, now Fifth Avenue.

This is surely not a static community. Change is constant, but there is a decided lack of interest in monuments of the past. Nowhere has there been more callousness about removing that which is old for so-called progress.

The grave of the patentee, John Mowbray, was moved.

No one knows where it is. Probably originally it was on
his estate near the Orawac Creek.

Many of the old houses that bordered Main Street have been moved off to side streets, taken to the beach communi-

Street Development Slow At First Early Roads Led To Waterfront

Fifth Avenue, Bay Shore, was the chief artery north-ward, connecting with Thompson's Station on the Long Island Railroad.

South Country Road (Main Street) was laid out in 1733 by an act of the General Assembly, which thereby adopted the first regulation concerning public highways in this vicinity. It is safe to assume that no other streets existed then, for John Mowbray had just obtained a grant of the entire section, and it was still his estate, so far as can be learned.

The next oldest thoroughfare is hard to find. We must base our statement about this point entirely upon a study of customs in the 18th century. Maps reveal that each Islip Town settlement was made on a large cove, in order to provide a supply of fish. As Main Street was the only road, and the nearest cove Penataquit Creek (mentioned in Indian deeds), we can safely assume that the second highway was Homan Avenue, or Canal Street, as old-timers called it.

Nathaniel Smith owned an immense piece of property in Western Bay Shore extending from the bay a long distance north. Through his land ran what people today call Bay Avenue. This road crossed Main Street and continued at least half way across Long Island, perhaps even to the